



# **RAVENSDALE JUNIOR SCHOOL**

## **FINANCIAL REGULATIONS**

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# SCHOOL FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

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## SCHOOL FINANCIAL REGULATIONS

### A GENERAL

- A1 These regulations apply to schools having a delegated budget under the School Standards and Framework Act 1998. The regulations identify the responsibilities of the Corporate Director for Resources and governors. The Corporate Director for Resources' responsibilities is exercised, in most cases, through the Children and Young People's Finance Group within the Children and Young People's Department. The Head of Children and Young People's Finance, or his/her team should, therefore, be the primary point of contact on most financial matters.
- A2 Governors should maintain a written record where their powers have been delegated to members of their staff.
- A3 All staff have a general responsibility for taking reasonable action to provide for the security of the assets under their control, and for economy in the use of resources.

#### **Responsibilities of Corporate Director for Resources**

- A4 The Corporate Director for Resources is the responsible officer for the proper administration of the financial affairs of the Council under Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972. Taken together with the Accounts and Audit Regulations, this means that all accounting procedures, systems and records of the Council (including schools) should be approved by the Corporate Director for Resources and should take account of proper professional practices. This statutory responsibility for the administration of the Council's financial affairs cannot be overridden by anything in a Scheme of Delegation or set of financial procedures.

#### **Responsibilities of Governors**

##### **Duties and Responsibilities**

- A5 (a) In discharging their duties and responsibilities heads and governors must comply with the Council's scheme for funding schools, associated financial regulations and, where appropriate, financial procedures and standing orders. Where there is any inconsistency between these and the relevant Acts of Parliament, the Acts shall prevail.
- (b) In exercising their powers over all or part of the school's budget share, heads and governors are required to adopt arrangements that are consistent with sound financial practice. This will include the maintenance of appropriate financial records and systems, as approved by the Corporate Director for Resources.
- (c) Governors are responsible for the overall financial management of delegated school budgets. Although they can delegate certain powers to heads, with formal approval, they will retain overall responsibility for any actions taken.
- (d) The Corporate Director for Resources, or a member of the Council's staff acting on the Director's behalf, shall have the right to attend any meeting of a governing body to give advice or report on major financial matters which in

the Director's opinion affect the probity and regularity of the Council's financial activities.

- (e) The head and governing body shall supply to the Council any reasonable information for the effective discharge of its duties and responsibilities.
- (f) Under the scheme of delegation the governors do not have any power to borrow money.

A6 To make sure that:

- (a) existing and new employees are informed of their responsibilities under financial regulations and are familiar with these documents
- (b) all financial regulations or contracts and award procedures are followed by everyone in their school
- (c) relevant records are maintained and retained.

A7 To consult the Corporate Director for Resources on any matter which is liable materially to affect the finances of the Council, before any provisional or other commitment is incurred, or a bid for external funding is made.

A8 To be responsible for securing value for money and compliance with the principles of best value in relation to their activities.

## **B SYSTEMS AND PROCEDURES**

*Why is this important?*

*Schools are increasingly reliant on computers for their financial management information. The information must therefore be accurate and the systems and procedures sound and well administered. They should contain controls sufficient to make sure that transactions are properly processed and errors detected promptly.*

*The Corporate Director for Resources has a personal responsibility to make sure that the Council's financial systems are sound.*

### **Responsibilities of Corporate Director for Resources**

- B1 To make arrangements for the proper administration of the Council's financial affairs, including to:
- issue advice, guidance and procedures to be followed by the Council's officers and others acting on its behalf
  - determine the accounting systems, form of accounts and supporting financial records used by the Council,
  - make sure that local accounting systems used by schools are adequate to meet statutory and Council reporting requirements
  - establish arrangements for audit of the Council's financial affairs
  - approve any changes to be made to existing financial systems or new systems introduced to the Council.

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- B2 To make sure that accounting records are properly maintained and held securely.
- B3 To make sure that vouchers and documents with financial implications are not destroyed except in accordance with arrangements approved by the Corporate Director for Resources and Director of Corporate Services.
- B4 To make sure that a complete management trail, allowing financial transactions to be traced from the original document to the accounting records, and vice versa, is maintained.
- B5 To incorporate appropriate controls to make sure that, where relevant:
- all input is genuine, complete, accurate, timely and not previously processed
  - all processing is carried out in an accurate, complete and timely manner
  - output from the system is complete, accurate and timely.
- B6 To make sure that the organisational structure provides an appropriate segregation of duties to provide adequate internal controls and minimise the risk of fraud or other malpractice.

- B7 To make sure that systems, procedures and responsibilities are documented and staff trained in operations.
- B8 To establish and keep up to date a Scheme of Delegation identifying staff authorised to act on governors' behalf in financial procedures, including of governors' responsibilities under the Financial Procedure Rules, including delegations in respect of payments, income collection, placing orders and variations, and showing the limits of their authority.
- B9 Where schools are using the Council's financial systems, to supply lists of authorised members of staff, with specimen signatures and delegated limits, to the Head of Children and Young People's Finance, together with any subsequent variations.
- B10 Where schools are using a local financial system, to maintain lists of authorised members of staff, with specimen signatures and delegated limits, together with any subsequent variations.
- B11 To make sure that effective contingency arrangements, including back-up procedures, exist for computer systems. Wherever possible back-up information should be securely retained in a fireproof location, preferably off-site, or in an alternative location within the building.
- B12 To make sure that, where appropriate, computer systems are registered in accordance with the Data Protection legislation and that staff are aware of their responsibilities under the legislation.
- B13 To make sure that relevant standards and guidelines for computer systems issued by the Chief Executive are observed.
- B14 To make sure that computer equipment and software are protected from loss and damage through theft, vandalism etc.
- B15 To comply with the copyright, designs and patents legislation and, in particular, make sure that:
- only software legally acquired is used on the Council's or schools' computers
  - staff are aware of the provisions of the legislation

## C BUDGET MANAGEMENT

*Why is this important?*

***Budgetary control is a continual process enabling the school to review and adjust its budget targets during the financial year. It also provides the mechanism to call to account managers responsible for defined elements of the budget. By identifying and explaining variances against budgetary targets, the school can identify changes in trends and resource requirements at the earliest opportunity. The Council itself operates within an annual cash limit, approved in setting the overall budget. The budget is the financial expression of the Council's plans and policies. To make sure that the Council in total does not overspend, each service (including schools) is required to manage its own spending within the cash limited budget allocated to it.***

- C1 Each school will be given a budget share calculated in accordance with the formula for funding schools, before the beginning of each financial year.
- C2 Each school is required to prepare an annual budget plan to a prescribed format.
- C3 Each school is required to submit the school's budget plan (including any requests for licensed deficits, see C8) together with a copy of the formal minute of approval by the governors to the Corporate Director for Resources. Both steps must be completed by the beginning of May except in those cases where the Director of Children and Young People's Services has agreed to an extension because of particular difficulties. Any extension cannot go beyond the end of June.
- C4 Each governing body is required to make arrangements to make sure that its schools computer based financial system is regularly updated on a timely, accurate and consistent basis.
- C5 Governing bodies and heads are required to set a balanced budget and adhere to their budget limits so as not to exceed the resources available to them and to manage within those resources. The budget limit is equal to the budget share plus any available school balance. Governing bodies and heads cannot normally plan for deficits (but, see C8 below). Any unplanned deficit which does not arise from a legitimate call on a contingency provision must be the subject of a detailed financial plan for recovery, proposed by the governing body and minuted accordingly. The plan will be considered by the Council Cabinet and evaluated on behalf of the Council Cabinet by the Director of Children and Young People's Services and Corporate Director for Resources. Schools would be expected normally to demonstrate that the budget deficit will be recovered by the end of the financial year following the year in which the deficit was incurred.
- C6 A school's budget share will only be changed during the course of a financial year in the following circumstances:
- (a) Where an additional allocation from the school specific contingency fund is agreed by the Council.
  - (b) Where the Council decides to increase all schools' budget shares from

its general reserve.

- (c) Where the cost of a particular activity is provided by the Council and the governing body decide to levy a charge on parents, the Council may recover all or part of the funding provided and/or income accruing to the school in respect of that activity.
  - (d) Where a budget adjustment is required under the Education (Amount to Follow Permanently Excluded Pupil) Regulations 1999.
- C7 In exceptional circumstances, a school may plan to carry forward a deficit at the end of a financial year. This is only permitted where a licensed deficit has been approved according to the rules laid down in the scheme for funding schools.
- C8 A loan scheme will be available for schools wishing to incur large items of expenditure and spread the cost over more than one year. The loan scheme will operate according to rules notified to schools.
- C9 Schools' balances shall be automatically available for carry forward to support the expenditure of the school concerned, subject to any clawback of surplus balances as set out in the Scheme for Funding Schools. Deficits will also carry forward automatically.
- C10 The Council will pay interest on balances it holds on behalf of schools.
- C11 Governors may transfer budget provision between heads of expenditure within the delegated budget. Where additional funds have been allocated to a school for a specific purpose they can only be used for that purpose. No virement relating to a specific financial year shall normally be made after 31 March in that year.
- C12 The governing body and, subject to any scheme of budget delegation, Headteachers and other staff are responsible for controlling and monitoring expenditure and income against the delegated budget. Detailed monitoring of the school's budget should be carried out at least monthly. Governors should approve any delegation of budgetary responsibilities to Headteachers or other staff, such as Heads of Department.
- C13 Heads and governors must be able to demonstrate that budgets devolved to their school have been spent on the purposes for which they were established.



## **D CAPITAL AND EQUIPMENT**

- D1 Capital expenditure falls outside the scheme of delegation. However, capital expenditure may be financed from delegated or devolved budgets subject to the conditions laid down in the scheme for funding schools.
- D2 Proposals for a Community or controlled school to undertake capital expenditure on its buildings and finance it from its own resources shall require the prior approval of the Director of Children and Young People's Services and Director of Corporate Services as set out in the Scheme for Funding Schools and be subject to financial regulations.
- D3 Governors may not arrange any lease or credit arrangement which falls within the definition of capital expenditure without the prior approval of the Corporate Director for Resources. All rentals and leases must be checked by the Corporate Director for Resources, and governors must provide certification, if requested, so that the Corporate Director for Resources can be satisfied that legislative and reporting requirements are being met. This is because of the potential impact on the Council's borrowing powers, to protect the Council against entering into unapproved credit arrangements and to make sure value for money is being obtained.
- D4 Governors must satisfy themselves that they are obtaining value for money from rentals or leasing arrangements. The Council offers a loan scheme for major items of expenditure
- D5 The regulations on income from the disposal of assets are set out in paragraph 5.5 of the scheme for funding schools.
- D6 The disposal of leased assets must have the prior approval of the Corporate Director for Resources. In some cases, early termination of leasing will carry a financial penalty from the leasing company. The school would have to meet this, other than in exceptional circumstances.

## **E ACCOUNTING**

*Why is this important?*

*Proper accounting records are one of the ways in which the Council discharges its responsibility for stewardship of public resources. The Council has a statutory responsibility to prepare its annual accounts to present fairly its operations during the year. These are subject to external audit. This provides assurance that expenditure is legal, the accounts are properly prepared and proper accounting practices have been followed.*

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- E1 To consult and obtain the approval of the Corporate Director for Resources before making any significant changes to accounting records and procedures.
- E2 To comply with the following principles as far as possible when allocating accounting duties:
- \* separating the duties of providing information about sums due to or from the school and calculating, checking and recording these sums from the duty of collecting or disbursing them
  - \* employees with the duty of examining or checking the accounts of cash transactions shall not themselves be engaged in these transactions.
- E3 To maintain adequate records to provide an audit trail for leading from income/ expenditure source through to the accounting statements.
- E4 To supply financial information in accordance with guidelines issued by the Corporate Director for Resources to enable him/her to complete the Statement of Accounts and other statutory returns, and to comply with his/her Section 151 responsibilities.
- E5 To make sure that devolved funds are properly accounted for and are only spent on the purposes for which they were established.

## **F AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

*Why is this important?*

*The Corporate Director for Resources has a statutory responsibility for the overall financial administration of the Council's affairs and is responsible for maintaining an adequate and effective internal audit. Internal Audit checks that management arrangements for control of finance, stocks and assets are adequate, highlights weaknesses in controls, checks that financial and other systems and procedures are sound, appraises the adequacy of procedures to secure economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the use of resources, and offers advice and suggests improvements to make sure the Council obtains value for money.*

*The Council's accounts are also scrutinised by external auditors, appointed by the Audit Commission, who must be satisfied that expenditure and income are legal and that the accounts are prepared in accordance with proper accounting practices. The adequacy of arrangements made by the Council to manage risks are also subject to scrutiny by the Audit Commission.*

*The Audit and Accounts Committee has since 2005 taken on the responsibility of overseeing all of these responsibilities, operating within the terms of reference set out elsewhere in the Constitution.*

### **Responsibilities of Corporate Director for Resources**

**F1** The Corporate Director for Resources or his/her authorised representative has authority to:

- enter at all reasonable times on any Council premises or land, and all schools
- have access to all records, documents and correspondence relating to any financial and other transactions of the Council, including schools, and the management of its risks
- require and receive explanations as necessary about any matter under examination
- require any employee of the Council or schools to produce cash, stores or any other Council property under their control if these fall within the coverage of the Council's accounts

For the avoidance of doubt, the authority detailed above includes both Foundation and Voluntary Aided schools and any other establishment operated within the Council's accounts.

In relation to rights of access, the Corporate Director for Resources' representatives are expected to have a personal responsibility to observe the highest standards of confidentiality and personal integrity.

**F2** To maintain Strategic and Annual Audit Plans in which audit cover has regard to the characteristics and relative risks of the activities involved, and to liaise with Chief Officers on the audit strategy and cover required. In addition to the statutory requirement this takes account of the need to seek added value, effective use of resources, improved performance and cost-effective controls.

- F3 To maintain an adequate and effective internal audit of the financial and other records, systems and procedures for control of the Council's resources.
- F4 To report to the Audit and Accounts Committee on:
- the planned programme of internal audit work for the year
  - progress in implementing the planned audit programme including a report following the year end
  - the findings of each audit to a degree of detail to be determined by the Committee
  - progress made in implementing recommendations of internal audits
  - other matters relating to audit policy, internal control and risk management that are within the terms of reference of the Audit and Accounts Committee
- F5 To approve any new systems for maintaining financial records or records of assets or changes to such systems. This approval should be obtained from the Head of Internal Audit.
- F6 To investigate promptly any suspected fraud, theft, irregularity, improper use or misappropriation of the Council's or schools' property or resources identified by or notified to the Corporate Director for Resources and to report to the Chief Executive and Director of Corporate Services who will consider any legal proceedings and disciplinary action in consultation with the appropriate Chief Officers.
- F6A To maintain an effective corporate risk management strategy and policy, and to prepare reports to Council Cabinet seeking approval of the strategy and policy which also report on any issues raised by the Audit and Accounts Committee in this context.
- F7 To make sure that issues raised by External Audit are brought to the attention of the Audit and Accounts Committee, and if appropriate to the Chief Executive and to the Council Cabinet..

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- F8 To make sure that internal and external auditors are given access at all reasonable times to premises, personnel, documents and assets which the Auditors consider necessary for the purposes of their work.
- F9 To make sure that Auditors are provided with any information and explanations which they seek in the course of their work.
- F10 To consider and respond promptly to recommendations in audit reports.
- F11 To make sure that any agreed actions arising from audit recommendations are carried out in a timely and efficient fashion.

- F12 To notify the Corporate Director for Resources immediately of any suspected fraud, theft, irregularity, improper use or misappropriation of the Council's property or resources. Pending investigation and reporting, the Governors should take all necessary steps to prevent further loss and to secure records and documentation against removals or alteration.
- F13 To make sure that new systems for maintaining financial records, or records of assets, or significant changes to such systems, are discussed with and agreed by the Council's Head of Internal Audit, prior to procurement and implementation.
- F14 To maintain a risk register for services and projects within the school, informed by regular reviews and assessments of risks and to identify and document actions to mitigate those risks.

## **G ORDERING AND PAYING FOR WORK, GOODS AND SERVICES**

*Why is this important?*

*Public money should be spent with demonstrable probity and in accordance with the Council's policies. The Council's procedures should help to make sure that services can receive value for money in their purchasing arrangements. These Regulations should be read in conjunction with the Council's Contracts Procedure, in so far as these apply to delegated school budgets. The section relating to tendering is summarised in section 2.18 of the Scheme for Funding Schools.*

### **General**

- G1 Every employee of the Council or schools, and every member of the Council or a school governing body, has a responsibility to declare any links or personal interests which they may have with purchasers or suppliers and/or contractors if they are engaged in contractual or purchasing decisions on behalf of the Council, including schools.
- G2 Where schools are using the Council's financial systems, official orders must be in a form approved by the Corporate Director for Resources and Director of Corporate Services.
- G3 Official orders must be issued for all work, goods or services to be supplied to the schools (except for supplies of utilities, periodical payments such as rent, petty cash purchases or other exceptions specified by the Corporate Director for Resources).
- G4 Official orders must not be raised for any personal or private purchases, nor should personal or private use be made of school contracts, unless specifically authorised by the Corporate Director for Resources in writing and appropriate accounting arrangements made.

### **Responsibilities of Corporate Director for Resources**

- G5 Under normal circumstances, only costs arising from expenditure from the school's delegated budget will be charged to the school. However, the Council reserves the right to consider making an additional charge to a particular school's budget in the circumstances listed in the scheme for funding schools at paragraph 6.2.
- G6 Where such costs result in the school's budget being overspent, the Council will consider making an interest charge on the overspending where a school is using the Council's bank account.
- G7 The Corporate Director for Resources also has a responsibility to make payments, whether or not provision exists within the school's budget, where the payment is specifically required by statute or is made under a court order.

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- G8 To make sure that written and uniquely numbered orders are used for all goods and services except for supplies of utilities, periodical payments such as rent, petty cash purchases or other exceptions specified by the Corporate Director for Resources.
- G9 To make sure that orders are only used for goods and services provided to the school. Individuals must not use official orders to obtain goods or services for their private use.
- G10 To make sure that only authorised validate sign orders and to maintain an up-to-date list of such authorised staff, including specimen signatures identifying in each case the limits of their authority. Governors' prior approval should be sought before an order exceeding these limits is placed. The signatory of the order should be satisfied that the goods and services ordered are appropriate and needed, that there is adequate budgetary provision and that quotations or tenders have been obtained if necessary. Value for money should always be taken into consideration.
- G11 To make sure that a budgetary control system is established which enables commitments incurred by placing orders to be shown against the appropriate budget allocation so that it can be taken into account in budget monitoring reports.
- G12 To make sure that goods and services are checked on receipt to make sure they are in accordance with the order. This check should, where possible, be carried out by a different person from the member of staff who signed the order. Appropriate entries should then be made in inventories or stores records.
- G13 To make sure that payment is not made unless a proper VAT invoice has been received, checked, coded and certified for payment confirming:
- receipt of goods or services
  - that the invoice has not previously been paid
  - that expenditure has been properly incurred and is within budget provision
  - that prices and arithmetic are correct and accord with quotations, tenders, contracts or catalogue prices
  - correct accounting treatment of tax
  - the invoice is correctly coded
  - discounts have been taken where available
  - that appropriate entries will be made in accounting records.

- G14 To make sure that the school obtains best value for money from purchases by taking appropriate steps to obtain competitive prices for goods and services of the appropriate quality.
- G15 Where the governors have decided that their school will be included in a Council arranged contract for goods or services, governors must comply with the terms and conditions of the Council's contracts in relation to these goods or services.
- G16 To follow the procedures established by the Director of Corporate Services in putting purchases of goods or services, where appropriate, out to competitive quotation or tender. These will comply with Contract Procedure Rules, except where listed in paragraph 2.17 of the Scheme for Funding Schools and will cover:
- authorised officers and the extent of their authority
  - advertisement for tenders
  - procedure for creating, maintaining and revising a standard list of contractors
  - selection of tenderers
  - compliance with UK and EU legislation and regulations
  - procedures for the submission, receipt, opening and recording of tenders
  - the circumstances where financial or technical evaluation was necessary
  - procedures for negotiation
  - acceptance of tenders
  - the form of contract documentation
  - cancellation clauses in the event of corruption or bribery
  - contract records.
- G17 To notify the Corporate Director for Resources of outstanding expenditure relating to the previous financial year as soon as possible after 31 March in line with the timetable determined by the Corporate Director for Resources and, in any case, not later than 30 April.



- G18 To notify the Corporate Director for Resources immediately of any expenditure to be incurred as a result of statute/court order where there is no budgetary provision.
- G19 To make sure that invoices are authorised, processed and paid promptly within agreed contractual terms and conditions or within 30 days of the invoice date in line with the regulations of the Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998. Checks should be made to make sure invoices are paid only once, are within budget provision and are coded correctly.
- G20 To exercise care in the payment of individuals via invoice payment, having mind to the guidelines issued by the HM Revenue and Customs, the Contributions Agency and the Council on employment status.

## H INCOME

*Why is this important?*

*Income can be a vulnerable asset and effective collection systems are necessary to make sure that all of the income due is identified, collections are receipted and banked properly. It is preferable to obtain income in advance of supplying goods or services as this improves the Council's or schools' cashflow and also avoids the time and cost of administering debts.*

### **General**

- H1 Where schools are using the Council's financial systems, all money received by an employee on behalf of the Council or a school shall be paid without delay to the Corporate Director for Resources or as he/she directs, to the Council's bank or national giro account. Where schools are using a local bank account, any money received shall be paid without delay into that bank account.

### **Responsibilities of Corporate Director for Resources**

- H2 Where schools are using the Council's financial systems, to agree arrangements for the collection of all money due to the Council and approve the procedures, systems and documentation for the collection of all income.
- H3 Where schools are using a local bank account, to be satisfied that appropriate procedures for banking, collection and reconciliation are in place.

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- H4 To establish a charging policy for services, including the appropriate charging of VAT, and review it regularly.
- H5 Where schools are using the Council's financial systems, to comply with Council instructions relating to debt recovery.
- H6 Where schools are not using the Council's financial systems, to establish and initiate appropriate recovery procedures, including legal action where necessary, for debts that are not paid promptly.
- H7 To make sure that, where possible, at least two employees are present when post is opened so that money received by post is properly identified and recorded.
- H8 To hold securely receipts, tickets and other records of income, for the appropriate period.

- H9 To lock away all income to safeguard against loss or theft.
- H10 To make sure that income is paid fully and promptly into the appropriate bank account in the form in which it is received. Appropriate details should be recorded on to paying in slips to provide an adequate audit trail.
- H11 To make sure income is not used to cash personal cheques or other payments.
- H12 To supply the Corporate Director for Resources with details relating to work done, goods supplied or services rendered or other amounts due, to enable the Corporate Director for Resources to record correctly the sums due to the Council, including schools, and to make sure accounts are sent out promptly. Governors have a responsibility to assist the Corporate Director for Resources and Director of Corporate Services to collect debts which they have originated by providing any further information requested by the debtor, and in pursuing the matter on the Council's behalf.
- H13 To keep a record of every transfer of official money between employees of the Council or schools. The receiving member of staff must sign for the transfer and the transferor must retain a copy.
- H15 Once raised, no bona fide debt may be cancelled except by full payment or by its formal writing off. A credit note to replace a debt can only be issued to correct a factual inaccuracy or administrative error in the calculation and/or billing of the original debt.
- H16 To notify the Corporate Director for Resources of outstanding income relating to the previous financial year as soon as possible after 31 March in line with the timetable determined by the Corporate Director for Resources and not later than 30 April.
- H17 Additional income resulting from delegated functions may be used to finance additional expenditure, with the approval of the Governors.
- H18 Governors may decide formally whether or not to take action to collect amounts due to the delegated budget which are unpaid.
- H19 To make sure that invoices are raised within 28 days of the completion of the work or service, including agreed phased completion.

## I PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES

*Why is this important?*

*Staff costs are the largest item of expenditure in schools. It is therefore important that there should be controls in place to make sure that payments are made only where they are due and that payments accord with the individual's conditions of employment.*

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- I1 Where the Council is the employer, to make sure appointments are made in accordance with the regulations of the Council and approved establishments, grades, and scale of pay.
- I2 Where schools are using the Council's payroll system, to notify the Corporate Director for Resources of all appointments, terminations, or variations which may affect the pay or pension of an employee or former employee, in the form and to the timescale required by the Corporate Director for Resources.
- I3 To make sure that adequate and effective systems and procedures are operated for personnel and payroll aspects, so that:
  - payments are only authorised to bona fide employees
  - payments are only made where there is a valid entitlement
  - conditions and contracts of employment are correctly applied
  - employees' names listed on the payroll are checked at regular intervals (at least monthly) to verify accuracy and completeness
  - there is an effective system of checking and certifying payroll forms, etc.
- I4 Where schools are using the Council's payroll system, to send an up-to-date list of the names of officers authorised to sign records to the Corporate Director for Resources, together with specimen signatories.
- I5 To make sure that payroll transactions are processed only through a payroll system. Governors should give careful consideration to the employment status of individuals employed on a "self employed consultant or sub contract" basis. HM Revenue and Customs applies tight definitions for employee status and in cases of doubt, advice should be sought from the Corporate Director for Resources.
- I6 To certify travel and subsistence claims and other allowances, where certification is taken to mean that journeys were authorised and expenses properly and necessarily incurred and allowances properly payable by the Council or schools, making sure that cost-effective use of travel arrangements is achieved. Due consideration should be given to tax implications and the Corporate Director for Resources informed where appropriate. Claims should normally be made monthly and submitted promptly after the month end.
- I7 Where schools are using the Council's payroll system, to make sure that the details of any employee benefits in kind are notified to the Corporate Director for Resources to enable full and complete reporting within the Income Tax Self Assessment system.

## **J TAXATION**

*Why is this important?*

*Like all organisations, Derby City Council is responsible for ensuring its tax affairs are in order. Tax issues are often very complex and the penalties for incorrectly accounting for tax are severe. It is therefore very important for all schools to be aware of their role. Advice on VAT and other tax issues can be obtained from the Resources Department (Tax and Administration Manager).*

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- J1 To make sure that the correct VAT liability is attached to all income and that all VAT recoverable on purchases complies with HM Revenue and Customs Regulations.
- J2 To comply with any requirements or guidance issued by the HM Revenue and Customs, Contributions Agency or Teachers Pensions organisation.
- J3 To make sure that, where construction and maintenance works are undertaken, the contractor fulfils the necessary Construction Industry Scheme requirements and that accurate and timely information is provided to enable all statutory returns to be completed.
- J4 To make sure that all persons employed by the Council or schools are added to the Council's or school's payroll and that tax is deducted from any payments, except where the individuals are bona-fide self employed or are employed by a recognised staff agency.
- J5 To make sure that records are kept of all benefits in kind provided to employees that are relevant for taxation purposes.
- J6 To make sure that all persons determined to be acting in a self employed capacity provide taxation and national insurance reference details, and other details as may be required by HM Revenue and Customs, before proceeding with the engagement.

## **K ASSETS AND SECURITY**

*Why is this important?*

*The Council and schools hold assets in the form of property, vehicles, equipment, furniture and other items worth many millions of pounds. It is important that assets should be safeguarded and used efficiently in the delivery of services, and that there should be arrangements for the security of both assets and service operations.*

Security

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- K1 To make sure the proper security of all buildings and other assets under their control.
- K2 To make sure that lessees and other prospective occupiers of Council land are not allowed to take possession or enter the land until a lease or agreement, in a form approved by the Director of Corporate Services, in consultation with the Corporate Director for Resources as appropriate, has been signed by the Director of Corporate Services.
- K3 To make sure that where there is no contractual obligation, expenditure on rented property which might result in any liability for the Council, is not incurred until consultation has taken place with the Director of Education, Corporate Director for Resources and Director of Corporate Services.
- K4 To make sure that no Council or school asset is subject to personal use by an employee without proper authority.
- K5 To make sure that the school maintains a Register of moveable assets in accordance with arrangements and insured defined by the Corporate Director for Resources.
- K6 To consult the Corporate Director for Resources in any case where the security of the Council's assets or resources is thought to be defective or where it is considered that special security arrangements may be needed.
- K7 To make sure cash holdings on premises are kept to a minimum.
- K8 To record all disposal of assets which should normally be by competitive tender or public auction.
- K9 To make sure that all their employees are aware that they have a personal responsibility with regard to the protection and confidentiality of information, whether held in manual or computerised records. Information may be sensitive or privileged,

or may possess some intrinsic value and its disclosure or loss could result in a cost to the Council, including schools, in some way.

#### Insurance

#### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- K10 To notify the Corporate Director for Resources immediately of any loss, liability or damage which may lead to a claim against the Council, together with any information or explanation required by the Corporate Director for Resources or the Council's insurers.
- K11 Where schools are using the Council's insurance scheme, to notify the Corporate Director for Resources promptly of all new risks, properties or vehicles which require to be insured and of any alterations affecting existing insurances.
- K12 To consult the Corporate Director for Resources and Director of Corporate Services respecting the terms of any indemnity which the Council is requested to give.
- K13 To make sure that Council or school employees do not admit liability, which may prejudice an insurance claim.
- K14 To take responsibility for risk management and, where schools are using the Council's insurance scheme, to have regard to advice from the Corporate Director for Resources and other specialist officers such as Crime Prevention, Fire Prevention, Health and Safety. Without effective preventative measures, insurance claims can result in higher premium costs.

#### Inventories

#### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- K15 To maintain inventories and record an adequate description of furniture, fittings and equipment, plant and machinery and to carry out an annual check of all items on the inventory in order to take action in relation to surpluses or deficiencies, annotating the inventory accordingly. Attractive and portable items such as computers, cameras and video recorders should prudently be identified with security markings as belonging to the Council or schools.
- K16 To make sure that the Council's or school's property is not removed except in accordance with the ordinary course of the Council's or school's business and it is not used except for the Council's or school's purposes unless the Governors or Headteacher concerned has issued specific directions.

#### Stocks and Stores

#### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- K17 To make arrangements for the secure care and custody of stocks and stores in the school.

## **BANK ACCOUNTS**

- L1 The Corporate Director for Resources is ultimately responsible for all bank accounts of the Council, including schools, for official funds.
- L2 Any imprest bank accounts within the Council's banking arrangements must be approved by the Corporate Director for Resources and operate within financial regulations and procedures.

### **Responsibilities of Governors**

- L3 To make sure that employees operating an imprest account within the Council's banking arrangements:
  - (a) obtain and retain vouchers to support each payment from the imprest account. Where appropriate an official receipted VAT invoice must be obtained
  - (b) make adequate arrangements in their school for the safe and secure custody of the account
  - (c) produce upon demand to the Corporate Director for Resources cash and all vouchers to the total value of the imprest amount
  - (d) record transactions promptly
  - (e) reconcile and balance the account at least monthly; reconciliation sheets to be signed and retained by the imprest holder
  - (f) provide the Corporate Director for Resources with a certificate of the value of the account held at 31 March each year
  - (g) make sure that the float is never used to cash personal cheques or to make personal loans and that the only payments into the account are the reimbursement of the float and change relating to purchases where an advance has been made
  - (h) on leaving a school or otherwise ceasing to be entitled to hold an imprest advance, an employee shall notify the Head of Children and Young People's Finance of the amount advanced to him/her.
- L4 As well as the imprest bank account, a school's cheque book and bank account system will be available. The regulations on bank accounts are contained within section 3 of the scheme for funding schools.
- L5 Minor items of expenditure met from imprest accounts should not exceed £100.



## **M UNOFFICIAL FUNDS**

M1 The governors have the responsibility for all unofficial funds of the school. The head is responsible for keeping the governors informed of all unofficial funds at the school. Unofficial funds should be kept and accounted for separately from official school funds.

### **Proper Accounting Arrangements**

M2 It is preferable that one bank account should be maintained to encompass all the activities undertaken by the school but it is recognised particularly in large schools that this may not be practicable and it may be necessary to have additional accounts. Where this is the case Heads must make sure that the number of accounts is kept to a minimum. Where possible the duties of administering the fund should be divided between different members of staff.

M3 A central cash book must be maintained in relation to the fund with a ledger for recording transactions on individual activities i.e. a proper statement of income and expenditure accounts. Entries in the cash book should be reconciled periodically to the bank statements with any discrepancy investigated and fully explained.

M4 A bank account must be maintained in the name of the fund (NOT an individual) with cheque signatories being a minimum of two persons of suitable seniority. One of these signatories must be the Headteacher.

M5 All payments including those made by cheque must be supported by vouchers such as invoices, indicating the nature of the expenditure.

M6 All payments should be made by cheque except for the very small transactions dealt with through a petty cash account.

M7 Where amounts are held on behalf of pupils over a long period of time and/or where considerable sums of money are involved and/or payment is by instalment it is strongly recommended that collections are entered on individual pupil's collection cards.

**Private school funds must not be used to make overtime payments to members of staff or for payment of fees to staff carrying out additional work as part of their normal school duties.**

### **Preparation of Annual Accounts**

M9 An annual summarised statement of receipts and payments supported by the subsidiary records and vouchers must be submitted for audit as soon as possible after the end of the accounting year. It is strongly recommended that a certified copy of the school fund accounts be displayed in the Staff Room or on the School Notice Board.

### **Audit of Accounts**

M10 The auditor should be a person who has not otherwise been involved in the management of, or has close connections with the Fund or is involved in the fund raising activities. It is essential that someone outside the school and with no direct connections with the fund be asked to audit the accounts, e.g. a parent who may have financial qualifications, or perhaps the local bank manager. If after pursuing this procedure you still cannot find a totally independent auditor it may be necessary to ask someone with less direct connections with the school fund or to discuss this matter with the Chair of Governors. It is not intended that schools should incur the additional expenditure of paying professional fees by employing a firm of private auditors but that consideration should be given to the qualifications/experience of the auditor. The auditor should on completion of his audit append the following certificate to the accounts and the summarised statement, unless of course these accounts and statements do not reflect the true position, where he may need to add a qualification. "I have examined the statement of receipts and payments together with the relevant books and vouchers and have obtained all the information and explanations necessary. I certify that in my opinion they present a true and fair view of the receipts and payments of the ..... school funds for the year ended .....".

### **M11 Submission of Accounts**

The annual certified statement of account (including any additional accounts if more than one) must be submitted to the first or second Governors meeting after the end of the accounting year and be covered by an appropriate minute.

The annual certified statement of account would normally comprise:

- (a) The name and qualifications (if any) of the independent auditor.
- (b) A statement of receipts and payments within the year certified by the auditor.
- (c) A statement of balances at the year end including any other assets held by the school e.g. stocks, shares, also certified by the auditor.

Signed .....

Chair of Governors .....

Dated .....

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